FREA NO. 4421 CRITECALETY 2/IR		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEHS LIST	REVISION 5-7-87 UNIT PTU DWG NO. 2294822-502.503.504 SHEET OF B		
FAZEURE HODE AND CAUSE	FATLURE EFFECT	<u> </u>			
Loss of till up or down (electrical function).	No Pan-tilt motion in	DESIGN FEATURES RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE			
E[U Al filt Stepper Drive. AZ Power Supply Command/Clack Receivers.	response to commands. Worst Case: Loss of elbow PTU control prevents stowing the RMS.	The heritage for the PTU mechanisms is the designs used successfully on the Rover equipment on the Apollo 15. 16, and 17 missions. All support bearings in the azimuth and elevation axes are conservatively when compared to the launch load environment.			
		The design was prepared by a detailed finite element and taking into account the derating for the fatigue cycles missions. A series of developmental tests were conducte models for the structure and drive train analyses. Revidesign and critical design review levels to evaluate the The PTU has been used on 24 missions at four bulkhead location without a failure in the drive train, axis support	represented by 100 I to verify the analytical was were held at preliminary designs and test data.		
		The mounting provision from the PIU base to the orbiter s analyzed for worst-case landing 'oads and showed adequate BARE BOARD DESIGN (A2)			
		The design of the associated A2 board is constructed from clad epoxy glass sheets (NEMA G-10) Grade FR-4). PER MILCONNECTIONS are made through printed traces which run fro board surfaces. Every trace terminates at an annular rin surrounds the hole in which a component lead or terminal provides a fouting for the solder, ensuring good mechanic performance. Its size and shape are governed by MIL-P-SS spacing and routing. These requirements are reiterated synchronical final product (due to irregularities of the etching processing notes. This prevents making defective boards from house no lead or terminal, but serve only to electrically board layers, contain stilch bars for mechanical support and the serve of the electrically board layers, contain stilch bars for mechanical support and the serve of the electrically board layers, contain stilch bars for mechanical support and the serve of the electrically board layers, contain stilch bars for mechanical support and the serve of the electrical support and the server of the electrical support and the ser	r-soit. Circuit point to point on the y. The annular ring is located. This ring all and electrical b40 as are trace widths, secifically in drawing he artwork master and the s) are also controlled by		
	: 하 네 ·	The thru holes are drilled from a drill lape thus eliminat human error and allowing tight control over hole and annul important reliability trilerion. After drilling and etchi tin-lead plated per MIL-SIO-1495. This provides for easy the time of board assembly, even after periods of prolonge	ing the possibility of ar ring concentricity, an ng, All cooper cladding te		

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FREA NO44.2.1		SHUFTLE CCTV CRITICAL TIEMS LIST	UNITPTU DWG NO2294822-502,503.5 SHEET OF B
FAILURE MODE AND FAILURE EFFE CAUSE Loss of till up or down (electrical function). EIU FAILURE EFFE ON END LIER Wo Pan-tilt motion response to comma	loss of albow PTW control prevents	CRITICAL TIEMS LIST RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANT OESIGN FEATURES (Continued) BOARD ASSEMBLY DESIGN (AZ) All components are installed in a manner which assure Component leads are pre-tioned, allowing total wetting are formed to provide stress relief and the bodies of Special mounting and handhing instructions are include after final assembly. The board is coated with ureth humidity and contamination. BOARD PLACEMENT The AL AND AZ boards are secured in the electronics as beryllium copper card guides. Connections are made to blind-mated connectors. Disengagement during launch which spans the board's free edge. BARE BOARD CONSTRUCTION (AI) The boards are of "welded wire" construction. At the distinguish it from a nurmal PC board except that hold generally are not connected to PC traces. Only those ground potentials to the ICs are on PEs. An annular moard where each power and ground pin is located. The trace like any other component lead. Aside from the trace like any other component lead. Aside from the construction techniques used in PC board layout apply BDARO ASSEMBLY (AI)	SHEET 2 OF 8 SHEET 2 OF 8 SHEET 2 OF 8 I arge components are staked ed in each drawing required and which protects against seembly by gold-plated of the mother board with its prevented by a cover bare board level this does not es which will take weld pins pins which bring power and ing surrounds the hale in the ese pins are then soldered to this feature, all design y.
		The drilled and etched boards are populated with sever weldable pins. Power and ground pins, as well as complace. Discreet components (resistors, diodes, capacibifurcated terminals, where they are soldered. Flatpa lead-by-lead, to the tops of the weld pins. After weld triswned away. Circuit connections are made using Alb wire is welded to the pin surfaces on the board backsi using a machine which is tape driven, thus eliminating due to operator error. All wiring & circuit performan bos-level installation. After successful testing, combo drawing uples and the assemble is content with weath	ector pins, are soldered in tors) are attached to ck ICs are welded, ing, extra lead material is AMG nickel weld wire. The de. All wire welds are done the possibility of miswiring Ce is tested prior to ponents are staked as required

The board is inserted in the bux on card-edge guides, in the same manner as the other ρC boards.

FHCA NO. <u>4.4.2.1</u> CRETICALITY <u>2/1R</u>		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL LIENS LIST	UNIT DWG NO. SHEET		2-502,503,504 0f8
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE Loss of tilt up or down (electrical function). PIN Al Till Stepper Drive. A2 Power Supply Command/Cluck Receivers.	FAILURE EFFECT ON FMD ITEM No Familit motion is response to commands. Norst Case: Loss of elbow PTU control prevents stawing the RHS.	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE QUALIFICATION TEST For Qualification Test flow, see Table 2 tocated a the (s baok.	
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CRITICALITY 2/18		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITECAL ITEMS LIST		UNET PIU 046 NO. 2294822-542.503.50		
				SIEET 4 OF 8		
FATLURE HODE AND CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT ON END LIEH		RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE			
Loss of Lift up ar down (electrical function).	No Pan-tilt motion in response to commands.	ACCEPTANCE TEST				
Plu Al Tilt Stepper Drive. AZ Power Supply Command/Clack Receivers.	Worst Case: toss of elbow PIU control prevents stowing the MAS.	The CCTV systems' be used in their m	PTU is subjected directly, without violation, to the following 20-80Hz: 3 d8/Oct-rise from	lesting:		
			80-350 Hz;			
		 Thermal Vacuum: In a pressure of 1x10⁻⁵ form, the temperature shall be as fullows; 				
· .			125° F: Time to stablize equipment 25° F: Time to stablize equipment 125° F: Time to stablize equipment	olos I have		
		The PIU may not hav	re been subjected to the vacuus condi	tion.		
		For Acceptance Test	Flow, see Table 1 located at the fr	ent of this book.		
		health of all the of through the RCU, the decoder. The test ability to route v	that CCTV components are operational command related components from the formand related components from the foreign the sync lines to the Camera/s must also verify the camera's ability to dit to verify the HDM command path.	PHS (A7A1) panel switch, PHU, to the Camera/PTU command by to produce wideo, the MSH's		
		Pre-Launch on O	rbiter Test/In-flight Test			
		(NOTE: In-Fligh as the (l. Power CCTV!	ht testing of the elbow camera/PTB mu crit 1/1 interference is present.) Suction.	ist not be conducted as long		
		2. Via the PHS test as sour	panel, select a monitor as destinati	ion and the camera under		
		3. Send "Camera 4. Select "Exte	a Power On" command from PRS panel. ernal Sync" on monitor.			
		5. Observe vide synchronized is receiving	eo displayed on monitor. Note that, I (i.e., stable raster), then this in I composite synt from the RCU and tha	if video on monitor is dicates that the camera at the camera is producing		
		synchronized 6. Send Pan, Ti via the mont	l video. ill, Focus, Zoom, ALC, and GAMHA comm itor or direct observation) verify op	nands and visually (either peration.		
ı		8. Observe vide	link as destination and camera under to moded to downlink.	test às source,		

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FREA NO. 4.4.2.1 CRITICALITY 2/18		SHUTTLE CCTY CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNITPTU DHG NO.	
FAILURE HODE AND	FAILURE EFFECT ON END TIEN	BATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANC	£	
loss of tilt up or down (electrical function).	No Pan-tilt motion in response to commands.	QA/INSPECTION		
PID Al lilt Stepper Ocive. A2 Pawer Supply Command/Clock Receivers.	Norst Case: Loss of elbow PTU control prevents stowing the RMS.	<u>Procurement Control</u> - The PTU EEE Parts and hardware items are procured from approved vendors and suppliers, which meet the requirements set forth in the CCIV contract and Quality Plan Work Statement (WS-2593176). Resident BCAS personnel review all procurement documents to establish the need for GSI on selected parts (PAI 517).		
•		Incoming Inspection and Storage — Incoming Quality inspecied materials and parts. Results are recorded by drawing and control numbers for future reference and the are subjected to incoming acceptance tests as called to laspection Test Instructions. Incoming flight parts at accordance with REA 1846684 — Preconditioning and Accepted rounic Parts, with the exception that DPA and PIND Machanical items are inspected per PAI 316 — Incoming I machanical items, PAI 305 — Incoming Quality Control for PAI 612 — Procedure for Processing Incoming or Purchase Flight Use. Accepted items are delivered to Material (under specified conditions until fabrication is require are held for Material Review Board (MRB) disposition.	lot and retained in file by raceability. All EEE parts or in PAI 315 - Incoming re further processed in stance Requirements for testing is not performed. Inspection Instructions for inspection Instruction, and each of the controlled Stores and retained ed. Non-conforming waterials	
		Board Assembly & Test - Prior to the start of PTV board verified to be correct by stock room personnel, as the a kit. The items are verified again by the operator whichecking against the as-built-parts-list (ARPL). OCAS are designated for all printed circuit, wire wrap and whatness connectors for soldering wiring, crimping, sold workmanship prior to coating of the component side of bharnesses.	items are accumulated to form to assembles the kit by Handatory Enspection Points welded wire boards, plus er splices and quality	
		Specific P10 board assembly and test instructions are papplicable documents are called out in the Fabrication (FPM-2294022) and parts list P1 2294022. These include Process Standard RIV-566 228001, Process Standard - Bun Specification Soldering 2280749, Specification Name P1, Specification - Crimping 2280800, Specification - Bundar Specification - Urethane coating 2280877, Specification Specification - Western Specification Epoxy Adhesive 2010985, Specification - Markmanship 8030035, Specification Bunding and Staking	Procedure and Record wire connection List 2295901, ding elero Tape 2260089, Le Application 1960167, ny and Staking 2280876, - locking compound 2026116, arking 2280876, supplication	

			REVISION 5-7-87	
EMEA NO. <u>4.4.2.1</u> ERTITICALETY <u>2/1R</u>		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL TIERS LIST	UNIT PTU ONG NO. 2294822-502.503.544 SHEET 6 0F 8	
FAILURE NODE AND FAILURE EFFECT				
CAUSE loss of tilt up or down (electrical function),	ON END LIEM No Pan-tilt motion in response to commands.	OAZINSPICITON RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTA	HCE	
PIU Al Tilt Slepper Drive. Al Power Supply Command/Clock Receivers.	Morst Case: Lass of elbow PTU camiral prevents steming the RMS.	PIN Assembly and Test— An open box test is performed por IP-II-2294822, and an Acceptance Test per IP-AI-2294822, including vibration and thermal vacuum. Forques are specified and witnessed, traceability numbers are recorded and calibrated tools are checked prior to use. RCA Quality and DCAS inspections are performed at the completion of specified FPR operations in acceptance with PAI-204, PAI-205, PAI 206 and PAI 217, DCAS personnel witness PIU bulton-up and critical torquing. RCA and DCAS personnel monitor acceptance tests and review the test data/results. These personnel also inspect for conformance after all repair, rework and retest.		
		Preparation for Shippent - The PTU is packaged accor 2780746, Process standard for Packaging and Handling documentation including assembly drawings, Parts Lis gathered and held in a documentation folder assigned this folder is retained for reference. An EIDP is packaging with the requirements of WS-2593176. BCA crating, packaging, packing and marking, and review accuracy.	guidelines. All related t. ABPL, fest Data, etc, is specifically to each assembly. repared for each PIU in -QC and DCAS personnel witness	
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CHEA NO. 44.2.1 CREFECALITY 2/1R		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL FIEMS (IST	UNIT	2294822-502.503.5	
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE Loss of Lilt up or down (electrical	FAILURE EFFECT ON END LIEN	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE) OF B	_
PIU	No Pan-tilt motion in response to commands.	FAILURE HISTORY NOME.			
Al Tilt Stepper Drive. Al Power Supply Command/Clock Receivers.	Vorst Case: Loss of Albam PTU control prevents stoming the RHS.				
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			AEVISION 5-7-07	
FREA NO. 4.4.2.1 CRIFICALITY 2/18		SHUYTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNETPTD DHG NO.	
FATLURE MODE AND CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT ON END 11EM	BATIONALE FOR ACCEPTAN	CE .	
Loss of tilt up or down (electrical No Pan-tilt motion in tunction). **Pan-tilt motion in cosponse to commands.** **Plu Horst Case:**		Loss of ability to position the elbow camera. Possible inability to stow the RHS If the elbow camera physically interferes with a paylood. If the control of the camera physically interferes with a paylood.		
AZ Power Supply Command/Clock Receivers.	Loss of elbow PTU control pravents slowing the AMS,	port payload bay door cannot be closed. Loss of crew	and vehicle.	
!		Perform EVA to reposition the elbow camera, use RMS motion to reposition the camera, or jettison the RMS.		
		CREW TRAINING	•	
		Crew should be trained in contingency EVA and RMS operations procedures.		
	•	HISSION CONSTRAINT		
		Do not manifest elbow camera for any flight where the can interfere with each other (for any pan or tilt ang flown do not change the camera position until the inte		
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